

# POLITICAL SCIENCE (PS)

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## PS 200

### American Government

Surveys American politics and government. Informal political institutions, such as parties and interest groups, are analyzed and related to formal governmental institutions, such as the presidency and the Congress. Emphasis is placed on how the American political culture shapes these institutions and how public policies are produced.

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 214

### State and Local Government

Investigates the relationships among federal, state/provincial, metropolitan/regional, and local units of government, examining theories of federalism, constitutional foundations, judicial interpretations, administrative actions, and current trends and debates. The United States and other federal systems serve as case countries. The course also explores how federalism is being shaped by such factors as globalization, environmental challenges, tribal sovereignty, and terrorism.

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 230

### International Relations

Introduces students to the major theories and concepts needed to understand compelling issues confronting the international system. Students will examine how thinking and practice have evolved on such fundamental matters as war, peace, and national security; weapons proliferation; human rights; political economy; international aid and sustainable development; regional integration; and the roles and functions of international and non-governmental organizations.

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 232

### Democracy, Dictatorship, and Development

Introduces students to the most common theories and approaches in contemporary comparative political analysis. Students then employ the tools of comparison developed in an examination of the causes and consequences of political instability and conflict and transitions to stable democracy.

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 242

### American Foreign Policy

Explores how American foreign policy is made and why it matters both in the context of domestic politics and for the international system as a whole. Students will identify U. S. foreign policy goals and critique foreign policy implementation.

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 285

### Special Topics in Political Science

Investigates a topic of current interest at the introductory level.

Topic will be announced by instructor at scheduling time. There are no prerequisites for this course. Course may be taken multiple times provided the topic is different each time.

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 306

### Politics and Public Policy

Analyzes public policy processes with a primary focus on the United States and a secondary focus on cross-country comparisons involving the U. S. The overarching concern is the effectiveness of government intervention given our market-based system. The student will become familiar with models and determinants of policy making. Beyond theories of policy making, the course also surveys a number of timely policy issues. In this way, a balance is reached between theory and application. There will be an underlying focus on the American political economy and public policy making, but students do not need an extensive background in either economics or policy making.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 313

### Comparative Public Policy

Considers why policies on issues like social welfare, health care, education, immigration, and others differ from country to country, looking for answers in such factors as political culture, level of economic development and equality, institutional frameworks and actors, social organization, or some mix of those explanations.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 315

### Urban Politics

Examines city and metropolitan politics and government. The course emphasizes how economic and demographic changes influence local politics, how local politics work, and how state and national policies influence local politics.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

## PS 317

### Chicago Politics

Studies Chicago's politics and government from both historical and contemporary perspectives. Emphasis is placed on changes that have significantly shaped the direction of Chicago's politics. Special attention is devoted to social class, ethnicity, race, and ideology as factors that have influenced the Democratic political machine and its opponents.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 329****Environmental Politics and Policy**

Students look at the complexities of making and implementing environmental policy at the local, national, regional, and/or global levels. Emphasis will be placed the ways that conflict and cooperation among multiple economic, social, and political interests contribute to the successes and failures of environmental policy. Topics for in depth study may include global warming, air and water pollution, depletion of natural resources, biodiversity conservation, environmental communication, and the roles played by international organizations, local and national governments, businesses, and non-governmental organizations.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 332****Politics of Science and Technology**

Explores the complex interrelationships among science, technology, and politics, with emphasis on the political issues created by contemporary scientific advances. The course gives roughly equal attention to the politics of scientific discovery; the development of organizations providing scientific advice to government; the impact of industrialized science and advanced technology on the economy and society; and the growing debate over the social implications of science and technology and how they can be predicted, measured, and controlled.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 338****Energy Policy**

This course traces our dependence on fossil fuels and government-based attempts to promote energy conservation and develop alternate energy sources. Assessed are the economic and political effects of the supply and demand for energy; the implications of different energy production and consumption methods; and efforts to minimize the environmental consequences through increased energy efficiency and/or regulation. The course explores such problems as fossil fuel dependence, greenhouse gas emissions reductions, nuclear waste, rapid industrialization, and national and international attempts to provide economic, political, and technological solutions.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 351****Public Administration**

Examines the nature of administrative organization, decision-making in organization, and organizational structures and processes: division of work, authority, communications, and planning. The course considers the role of the government executive and analyzes the relationship between fiscal procedures and personnel management in organizations.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 354****Urban Policy**

Explores major dilemmas facing cities today, including changing economic and tax bases, fiscal stresses, marginalized populations, new forms of consumption, and adaptation to structural change. Responses of politicians to pressures to develop new policies and leverage the productive capacity of the city and the impact of citizen preferences are analyzed. Same as SOC 354.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 360****Global Political Economy**

Examines the economic, socio-political, and cultural aspects of globalization within the context of both contemporary discussions about the phenomenon and wider debates in the field of political economy. The course also covers aspects of international development, both economic and political.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 372****Government and Politics in Africa**

Surveys contemporary African politics in its historical, economic, and cultural context. Both individual country cases and regional issues are examined, and approaches to comparative political analysis are used to understand the causes and consequences of observed patterns of political similarities and differences.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 373****East Asian Political Economy**

Surveys contemporary East Asian politics in its historical, economic, and cultural context. Both individual country cases and regional issues are examined, and approaches to comparative political analysis are used to understand the causes and consequences of observed patterns of political similarities and differences.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 374****Politics of Europe**

Surveys contemporary European politics in its historical, economic, and cultural context. Both individual country cases and regional issues are examined, and approaches to comparative political analysis are used to understand the causes and consequences of observed patterns of political similarities and differences.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 375****Politics of Latin America**

Surveys contemporary Latin American politics in its historical, economic, and cultural context. Both individual country cases and regional issues are examined, and approaches to comparative political analysis are used to understand the causes and consequences of observed patterns of political similarities and differences.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Social Sciences (S)

**PS 385****Topics in Political Science**

Investigates a topic of current interest in Political Science, which will be announced by the instructor when the course is scheduled.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 388****International Law and Organizations**

This course examines structures of global governance using analytical lenses developed by both political scientist and international legal scholars to understand the depth and scope of international law. We will explore the relationships between power, rules, and norms as well as the relative impact of hard versus soft law and more or less legalized institutional structures. These themes will guide us through a comparative survey of international and legal frameworks attached to the US, the International Criminal Court, and the World Trade Organization and those created by regional economic institutions such as the EU and NAFTA.

**Prerequisite(s):** HUM 200-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 408****Methods of Policy Analysis**

Introduces students to the field of policy analysis and acquaints them with basic methods of policy analysis and urban planning. Emphasis is on these methods and problem solving rather than on politics or the political process. Topics include decision theory, benefit/cost analysis, problem simulation, population projection, and problem definition and formulation. This seminar serves as the required capstone course for the Policy Analysis/Technology specialization.

**Prerequisite(s):** PS 300-399 and PS 190-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)

**PS 491****Undergraduate Research in Political Science**

Working with a member of the political science faculty, students will choose a topic, conduct research, and complete an original, independent research project.

**Prerequisite(s):** PS 300-399 and PS 190-299

**Lecture: 3 Lab: 0 Credits: 3**

**Satisfies:** Communications (C)

**PS 497****Directed Readings in Political Science**

Consists of independent reading and analysis, centered on particular problems and supervised by a member of the Political Science faculty. (Credit: Variable; maximum 3 credit hours)

**Prerequisite(s):** PS 300-399 and PS 190-299

**Credit:** Variable

**Satisfies:** Communications (C), Social Sciences (S)